

**Inorganic Contaminants**

Year or Range	Contaminant	Average Level	Minimum Level	Maximum Level	MCL	MCLG	Unit of Measure	Source of Contaminant
2008	Barium	0.111	0.111	0.111	2	2	ppm	Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits.
2007	Fluoride	0.25	0.25	0.25	4	4	ppm	Erosion of natural deposits; water additive which promotes strong teeth; discharge from fertilizer and aluminum deposits.
2008	Nitrate	0.03	0.03	0.03	10	10	ppm	Runoff from fertilizer use; leaching from septic tanks, sewage; erosion of natural deposits.
2005	Combined Radium 226 & 228	0.7	0.7	0.7	5	0	pCi/L	Erosion of natural deposits .
2005	Gross beta emitter	12.7	12.7	12.7	50	0	pCi/L	Decay of natural and man-made deposits.
2005	Gross alpha	3.7	3.7	3.7	15	0	pCi/L	Erosion of natural deposits.

**Organic Contaminants** Testing waived, not reported, or none detected

**Manimum Residual Disinfectant Level** System must complete and submit disinfection data on the Disinfection Level Quarterly Operating Report (DLQOR). On the CCR report, the system must provide must provide

Year	Disinfectant	Average Level	Minimum Level	Maximum Level	MRDL	MRDLG	Unit of Measure	Source of Disinfectant
2008	Disinfectant used	Average level of CCR year's quarterly	Minimum results single sample	Maximum result single sample	4.0	<4.0	ppm	Disinfectant used to control microbes.

**Disinfection Byproducts** Not reported or none detected

**Unregulated Contaminants** Not reported or non detected

**Unregulated Initial Distribution System Evaluation for Disinfection Byproducts**

Waived or not yet sampled

**Unregulated Contaminant Monitoring Rule (UCMR2)**

Unregulated contaminants are those for which EPA has not established drinking water standards. The purpose of unregulated contaminant monitoring is to assist EPA in determining the occurrence of unregulated contaminants in drinking water and whether future regulation is warranted. Any unregulated contaminants detected are reported in the following table. For additional information and data visit <http://www.epa.gov/safewater/ucmr/ucmr2/index.html>, or call the Safe Drinking Water Hotline at (800) 426-4791.

Year	Contaminant	Average Level	Minimum Level	Maximum Level	Unit of Measure	Source of Contaminant
2008	Name of Contaminant	Average Level of biennial or quarterly samples	Minimum result single sample	Maximum result single sample	ppb	Describe the source of the chemical

**Lead and Copper**

Year	Contaminant	The 90th Percentile	Number of Sites Exceeding Action Level	Action Level	Unit of Measure	Source of Contaminant
2008	Lead	1.1	0	15	ppb	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits.
2008	Copper	1.38	1	1.3	ppm	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives.

**Recommended Additional Health Information for Lead**

All water systems are required by EPA to report the language below starting with the 2009 CCR to be delivered to you by July of 2010. We are providing this information now as a courtesy.

"If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. This water supply is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at <http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead>."

**Total Coliform** Reported monthly tests found no coliform bacteria

**Fecal Coliform** Reported monthly tests found no fecal coliform bacteria

Secondary and Other Constituents Not Regulated

**Turbidity** Not required (No associated adverse health effects)

Year or Range	Constituent	Average Level	Minimum Level	Maximum Level	Secondary Limit	Unit of Measure	Source of Constituent
2007	Bicarbonate	203	203	203	NA	ppm	Corrosion of carbonate rocks such as limestone.
2008	Calcium	14.7	14.7	14.7	NA	ppm	Abundant naturally occurring element.
2007	Chloride	43	43	43	300	ppm	Abundant naturally occurring element; used in water purification; byproduct of oil field activity.
2008	Iron	0.052	0.052	0.052	0.3	ppm	Erosion of natural deposit; iron or steel water delivery equipment or facilities.
2008	Magnesium	3.4	3.4	3.4	NA	ppm	Abundant naturally occurring element.
2008	Manganese	0.006	0.006	0.006	0.05	ppm	Abundant naturally occurring element.
2007	pH	7.5	7.5	7.5	>7.0	units	Measure of corrosivity of water.
2008	Sodium	82	82	82	NA	ppm	Erosion of natural deposits; byproduct of oil field activity.
2007	Sulfate	13	13	13	300	ppm	Naturally occurring; common industrial byproducts; byproducts of oil field activity.

2007	Total Alkalinity as CaCO <sub>3</sub>	166	166	166	NA	ppm	Naturally occurring soluble minerals salts.
2007	Total Dissolved Solids	282	282	282	1000	ppm	Total dissolved mineral constituents in water.
2008	Total Hardness as CaCO <sub>3</sub>	51	51	51	NA	ppm	Naturally occurring calcium.
2008	Zinc	0.653	0.653	0.653	5	ppm	Moderately abundant naturally occurring element; used in the metal industry.